West African RBOs Think tank virtual roundtables on digital transformation

Earth System monitoring, Hydrometry and innovation for river basins

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Team at the round table:

Rokhaya Ba (technical regulation) Tania Gascon (Floods and early warning systems) Daniel Sighomnou (water monitoring systems) Florian Teichert (innovation in Hydrometry) Ramesh Tripathi (Volta project)



WMO OMM

World Meteorological Organization Organisation météorologique mondiale

The World Meteorological Organization

WMO is the authoritative voice of the United Nations on weather, climate and water. WMO mandate includes:

- Facilitate worldwide cooperation in the field of meteorology and hydrology and their application to the benefit of all;
- Promote the establishment and maintenance of systems for the rapid exchange of data information in meteorology, climatology and hydrology;
- Promote **standardization** of observations and ensure the uniform publication of observations and statistics;
- Further the application of meteorology, climatology and hydrology to **development issues** (transportation, water management, agriculture, etc.);
- Encourage **research and training**, and assist in coordinating their international aspects.



World Meteorological Organization Weather • Climate • Water



WMO HQ in Geneva, Switzerland



Hydrological services support 8 ambitions

- 1) No one is surprised by a flood
- 2) Everyone is prepared for drought
- 3) Hydro-climate and meteorological data support the food security agenda
- 4) High-quality data supports science
- 5) Science provides a sound basis for operational hydrology
- 6) We have thorough knowledge of the water resources of our world
- 7) Sustainable development is supported by hydrological information
- 8) Water quality is known



WMO help Countries with a Hydrological Value Chain



The World Hydrological Cycle Observing System WHY<u>COS: water monitoring networks project</u>s



- Successful: 15 components in 25 years
- To be improved: sustainability of achievement, funding mechanisms
- In the pipeline: IndianOcean, Chad, Senegal, Southern Africa

The WMO HydroHub – the new generation of water monitoring

- 1. Building Hydrological Monitoring Capacity
- 2. Embedding Innovation in Hydrometry
- 3. Enabling Hydrological Data Sharing
- 4. Connecting the Global Water Monitoring Community
- 5. Providing a Global Focal Point for Hydrometry





Data sharing and interoperability of systems: WMO Hydrological Observing System WHOS



HydroSOS

HydroSOS: - Hydrological Status and Outlook System

Pilot WMO Initiative that aims at providing global hydrological information products (current & near future)



OMM

HydroSOS: for and by national hydrological Services

- To use local data and analysis, complemented with information from downscaling global models where gaps are identified.
- To provide easy access to hydrological status and outlook products through a web-based platform.
- To be used by National Meteorological and Hydrological Services, as well as agencies related to water management, ecosystems, agriculture, disaster risk reduction, energy, etc for decision making related to water resources.
- To inform decisions and prevent conflicts related to the use of water resources, especially in transboundary river basins.
- Integration of local needs and knowledge with global services





It is based on satellite estimates /NWP that allows monitoring extreme rainfall events to analyze / anticipate their potential to trigger flash floods in future hours

The products must be validated/adjusted with RT data and information on the surface conditions



West Africa FFGS: Burkina Faso, Niger, and Mali In cooperation with regional centers ANACIM, AGRHYMET

Web-based Early Warning System



Partnership West Africa

Joint initiative to improve early warning systems for risks linked to extreme weather events.

This initiative

- Mobilizes resources to implement activities that are already planned
- It establishes the bases to access funds such as Green Climate Fund and Adaptation Fund
- Implementation, e.g., in Western Africa

Conclusion 1, a perspective

Digital transformation: from the Latin "digitus", the finger, then digit, the number

⇒ Digital transformation: shape your future with your own fingers

Conclusion 2, to start the discussion:

- User requirement and benefits are key
- broadly networked, collaborative, interoperable digital system based on a co-production model that includes mutual education and training (AOS 2019 call for action).
- CARE principle: Collective benefit; Authority to Control; Responsibility; and Ethics

WEATHER CLIMATE WATER TEMPS CLIMAT EAU

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